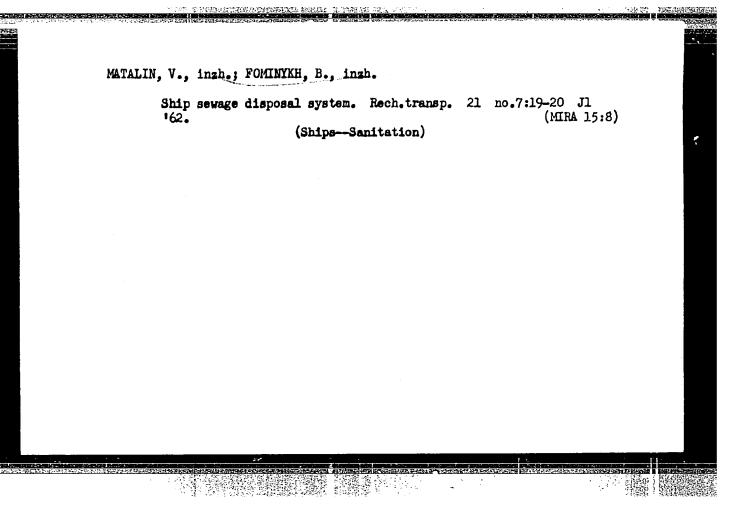
FOMINYKH, A.Ya.

Change in the schematic for connecting VChFD-59 apparatus in an operator station.Avtom., telem. i sviaz 7 no.10:40 0 163. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Starshiy elektromekhanik Fayansovskoy distantsii signalizatsii i svyazi Moskovskoy dorogi.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"



STEPANOV, B.A.; FOMINYKH, B.A.; GAREYEV, V.N.

Series of metal stresses in the solutions of alcali sulfides.

Isv.AN Us.SSR.Ser.tekh.nauk 9 no.5:75-77 *65.

(MIRA 18:10)

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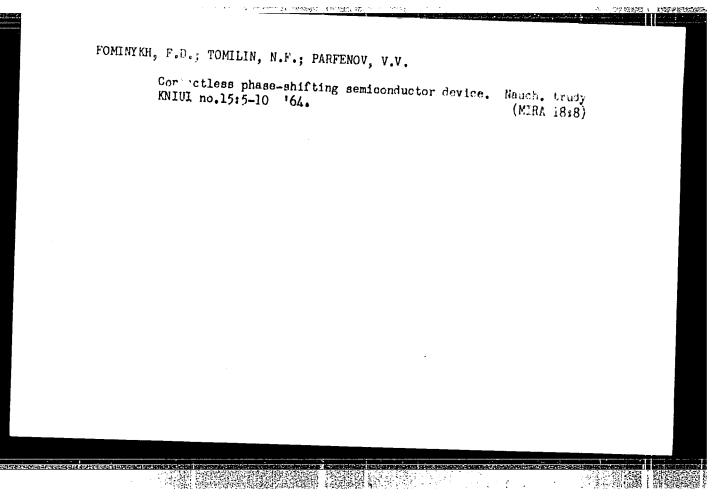
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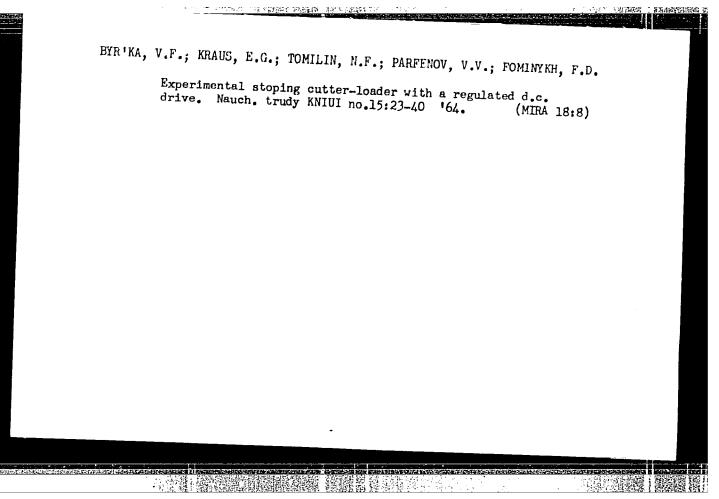
FOMINYKH, B., inzh.

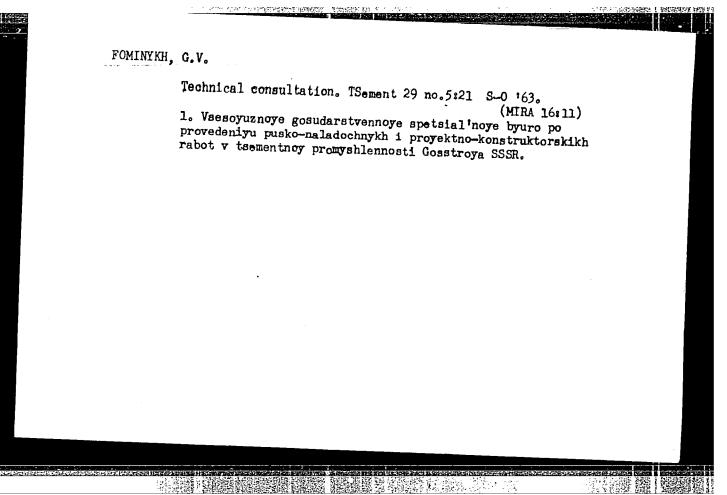
Passing ships and rafts through sluices of the Kuybyshev Hydraulic Engineering System. Rech. transp. 20 no. 3:41-42 Mr 161.

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(Volga River—Sluices) (Inland water transportation)







FOMINYKH, I. P.

PA 228T98

USSR/Metallurgy - Foundry Practice

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May 52

"Easily Removable Risers With Chamotte-Clay Separating Plates," A. M. Mikhaylov, I. P. Fominykh, Kovrov Excavator Plant

"Litey Proizvod" No 5, pp 28, 29

Discusses application of plates made of chamotteclay mixt and describes expts for establishing effect of sepg plates on metal of castings and proper technology of plate manuf. Decisive factor in good quality of plates is temp of burning, which has to be as high as 1,200°.

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25(1)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/1771

Fominykh, I.P., Yu. Yu. Zelikman, and V. Knyazev

Novoyev v liteynom proizvodstve; iz opyta liteynykh tsehkov predpriyatiy Tuly i oblasti (New Developments in Founding; Foundry practices in Tula and Tula Province) [Tula] Tul'skoye knizhnoye izd-vo, 1956. 78 p. 3,000 copies printed.

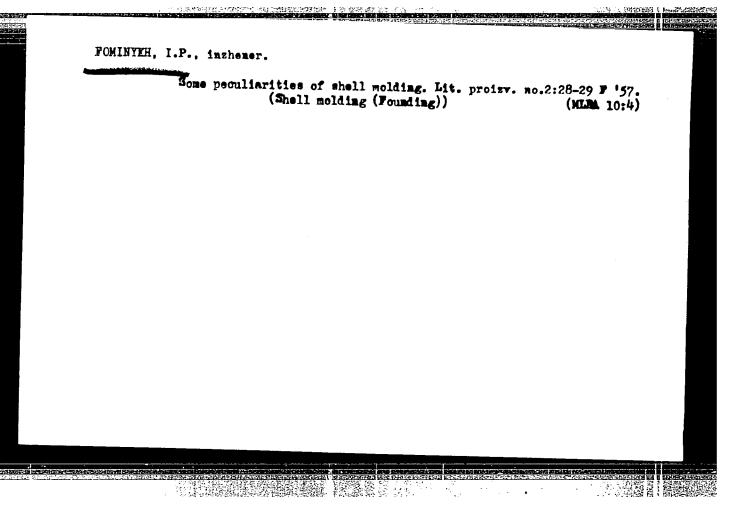
Ed. (Title page): I.P. Fominykh, Candidate of Technical Scientes; Ed. (Inside book): M.N. Tylkin; Tech. Ed.: L.I. Pulin.

PURPOSE: This book is written in simplified technical language by specialists in the field of casting for foundry workers and for the general public.

COVERAGE: This book contains articles describing recent developments and innovations in foundry practice. The articles deal with a method of steel casting which produces easily removed dead heads, chill casting of mining machine parts, chill casting of bronze, and the utilization or resins for mold mixtures. No personalities are mentioned. References are given at the end of each article

Card 1/2

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New Developments in Founding (Cont.) SOV/1771	
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Fominykh, I.P., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Easily Separate Dead Heads on Steel Castings	, ,
Zelikman, Yu., Chief Metallorgist, Laptev Plant "Uglemash". and Ye. Rubets, Senior Plant Engineer. Chill Casting in Building of Mining Machines	43
Knyazev, V., Technologist of Foundry Shop of MPS Plant. Ciill Molds for Casting A Zh 9-A Bronze	
Fominykh, I.P., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Casting in Shell Molds	70
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (TS233.F63)	
G0 /gmp 6-25-59	
Card 2/2	



RISHTAL, M.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; POMINYKH, I.P., kand. tekhn. nauk;

TSETTLIN, A.Ya., inzh.

Characteristics of surface structure of carbon-free malleable cast iron. Lit.proisv. no.8;22-23 Ag '57. (MIRA 10:10)

(Cast iron-Metallography)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

507-128-58-8-6/21

AUTHORS: Krishtal, M.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Foringkh

I.P., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Rikman, E.P., Engineer

TITLE: Peculiarities of Magnesium Distribution During Annealing

of Magnesium-Treated Malleable Iron (Osobennosti rasprede-

leniya magniya pri otzhige magniyevogo kovkogo onuguna)

PERIODICAL: Liteynoye proizvodstvo, 1958, Nr 8, pp 10-11 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The effect of magnesium on the formation of spheroidal graphite has been studied since the discovery of magnesium iron

/Ref.1-7/. The purpose was to study the behaviour of mangamese in the process of annealing, e.g. the redistribution of magnesium between the metal and the graphite. The study was carried out on specimens of iron of different composition and with the use of a device for localized spectrum analysis (described and illustrated by a diagram). It was stated that silicon, solved in metal, ties magnesium, and hence an increased silicon content in iron entails an in-

creased solubility of the manganese therein. The bond between the atoms of silicon and magnesium impedes the transfer of magnesium from the matrix (austenite) into the gra-

Card 1/2 phite during the process of annealing. In low-silicon iron,

SOV-128-56-8-6/21 Treated Malleable Iron

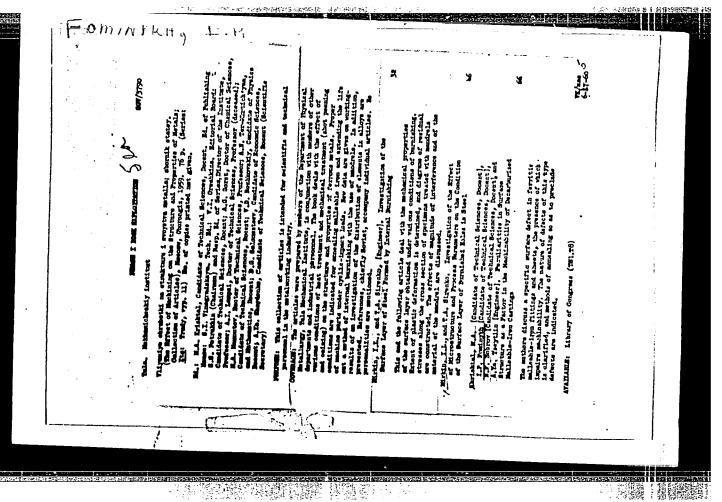
the magnesium atoms in the matrix are only weakly bound, and migrate into the graphite even at comparatively low temperatures. There are 2 graphs, 1 diagram, and 7 references, 5 of which are Soviet, 1 English and 1 German.

1. Iron alloys--Heat treatment 2. Magnesium--Metallurgical effects

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

一种重要处理器管理 诗英的



8/148/60/000/008/011/018 A161/A029

AUTHORS:

Fominykh, I.P.; Volodin, I.P.; Merkulov, F.N.; Ryazantseva, V.N.

TITLE:

Speeding up the Annealing of Malleable Cast Iron Modified by Boron

and Bismuth

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. - Chernaya metallurgiya,

1960, No. 8, pp. 153 - 159

TEXT: At the Gorkovskiy avtozavod (Gorkiy Automobile Works), where malleable_cast iron had been modified by boron and bismuth (Ref. 7), the annealing time had been cut from 60 to 35 - 36 hours (annealing in electric 25-t chamber furnace). The Tul'skiy kombaynovyy zavod (Tula Harvesting Combine Works), aided by Tul'skiy mekhanicheskiy institut (Tula Institute of Mechanics), utilized the Gor kiy works experience and attempted to obtain malleable cast iron with raised strength on account of the predominating perlitic component. Cast iron K4-45-5 (Kch-45-5) used for the experiments had the following composition: (in%): 2.45--2.8 C; 0.9-1.3 Si; 0.45-0.65 Mn; not above 0.12 S; 0.15 P, and 0.07 Cr. It was smelted in a cupola furnace and superheated in an acid electric furnace. The powdered modifier consisted of ferro-silico-boral (an alloy of iron-silicon-boron-

Card 1/5

S/148/60/000/008/011/018 A161/A029

Speeding up the Annealing of Malleable Cast Iron Modified by Boron and Bismuth

-aluminum, with 5-15% B) and metallic bismuth, and was placed in a paper bag and held into the metal jet during pouring into the ladle; 0.003-0.004% B and 0.002--0.003% Bi was used (of the metal weight). Parts for a new machine were cast from modified cast iron. The parts and specimens were annealed in laboratory NM-11 (PN-11) chamber furnaces. Three microphotograph sets show the structure of the initial and of the modified cast iron (a and b, Figs. 1,3,4). It was stated that boron and bismuth refined dendrites; the modified iron contained a consider ably higher quantity of carbides; it was assumed that dementite of modified iron contained less carbon and hence had other properties than usual, viz. lower stability, which had been proven by I.F. Kurtov et al. (Ref. 7); graphite grains were refined. Five different annealing process versions were tried to study the decomposition rate of primary cementite in the first stage of graphitization. It was considerably more intense in modified cast iron than in the initial cast iron. Cementite of modified cast iron was less stable at all temperatures between 850 and 1,050°C, and the metal had a high tendency to chilling at usual and higher Si content. The finally chosen annealing schedule is shown in Figure 6, with a total time of only 8 hours. It produced malleable cast iron with a tension strength not below 45 kg/mm² and an elongation of 5% and more only when the boron-Card 2/5

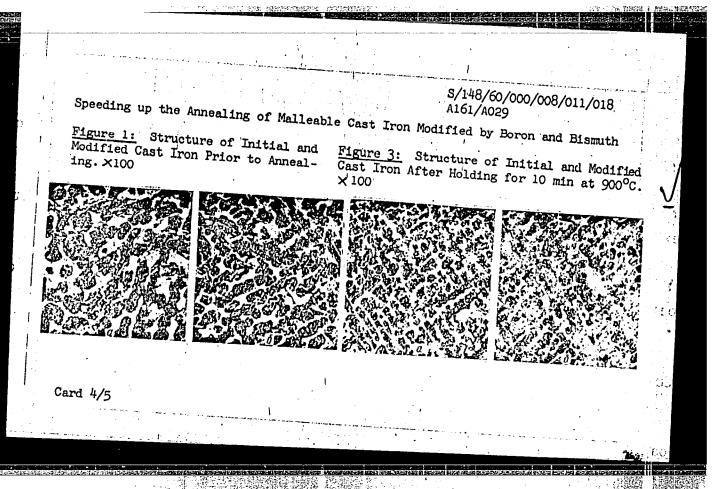
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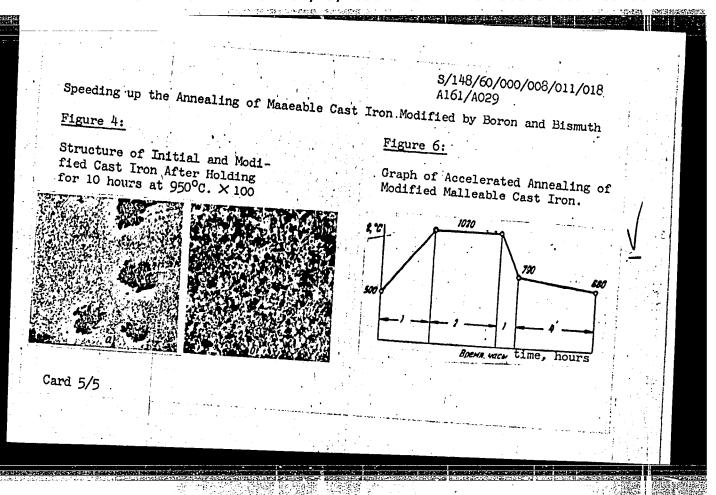
Speeding up the Annealing of Malleable Cast Iron Modified by Boron and Bismuth

-bismuth modifier was used. The experimental results fully confirmed the data obtained by I.F. Kurtov (Ref. 7) and N.G. Girshovich (Refs. 2,8) and proved that addition of boron and bismuth greatly speeds up the annealing of malleable cast iron and improves graphitization but has no marked effect on strength. The author points out that in American practice high-strength cast iron with lowered plasticity is used very extensively, and suggests the application of such cast iron with an ultimate strength which is higher by a factor of 1.5. There are 6

ASSOCIATION: Tul'skiy mekhanicheskiy institut (Tula Institute of Mechanics) and Tul'skiy kombaynovyy zavod (Tula Harvesting Combine Works)

April 6, 1960





8/123/61/000/011/020/034 A004/A101

AUTHORS:

Krishtal, M. A.; Fominykh, I. P.; Lyzlov, B. A.

TITLE:

Properties, structure and machinability of malleable cast iron with chromium and antimony for fittings

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, no. 11, 1961, 3, abstract 11018 ("Sb. tr. Tul'sk. mekhan. in-ta", 1960, no. 15, 20-26)

TEXT: An increase in the chromium content of the metal, when alloyed steel gets into the charge, causes a considerable prolongation of the annealing cycle and also tool breakage during the working of fittings as a result of insufficient annealing in the first stage. Investigations showed that a Cr-content of 0.15% is neutralized by the addition of 0.23% Sb to the cast iron. Cast iron containing 2.56% C, 1.5% Si, 0.15% Cr, 0.23% Sb, after heating to 960°C for 3 hours, holding of 15 hours, cooling down to 720°C for 2 hours and holding at this temperature for 10 hours, had the structure of pearlite malleable cast iron of the KY-54-5 (KCh-54-5) grade. Tests of the machinability showed that in the time interval between the sharpening of the taps 5-6 times more fittings from malleable cast iron alloyed with chromium and antimony (HB 170-200) could be

Card 1/2

Properties, structure and machineability ... S/123/61/000/011/020/034 A004/A101

machined than those of ordinary non-alloyed cast iron. There are 3 figures.

L. Tumanova

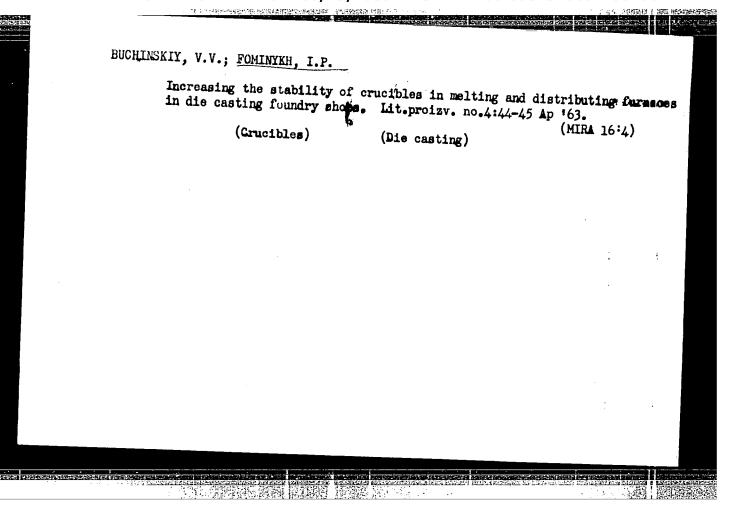
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

FOMINYKH, I.P.; ZHURAVLEVA, L.A.

Reducing the amount of hard work involved in the manufacture of equipment for shell molding. Lit. proizv. no.5:44-45 My '62. (MIRA 16:3) (Shell molding—Equipment and supplies)

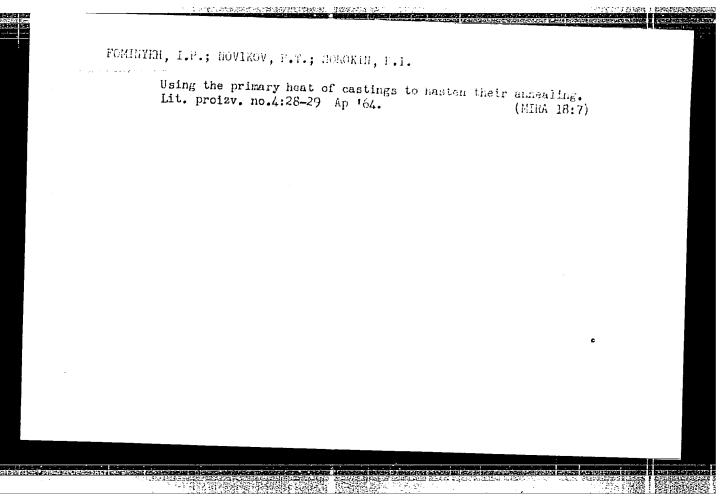
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"



ASTASHKIN, V.G., inzh.; FOMINYKH, I.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Restoration of GAZ-51 automobile crankshafts by build-up welding under flux. Svar. proizv. no.10:38 0 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Skuratovskiy avtorementnyy zavod (for Astashkin). 2. Tul'skiy mekhanicheskiy institut (for Fominykh).



The state of the s

SOROKIN, P.I.; FOMINYKH, I.P.; BESPALOV, Ya.G.; POBEREZKIN, A.Z.; ZINCHENKO, A.M.; OSKOLKOV, Ye.A.

Inoculation of cupola cast iron with rare-earth metal alloys. Lit. proizv. no.9:27-31 S 64. (MIRA 18:10)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

IOPATINA, K.A., inch.; POHINTRI, I.P., kand. tokhn. nauk

!hite cast iron inoculated with boron and milicon. Lit. proisw.
no.1:7 Ja *66. (MRA 19:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

BOGACHEV, I.N.; FOMINYKH, K.P.

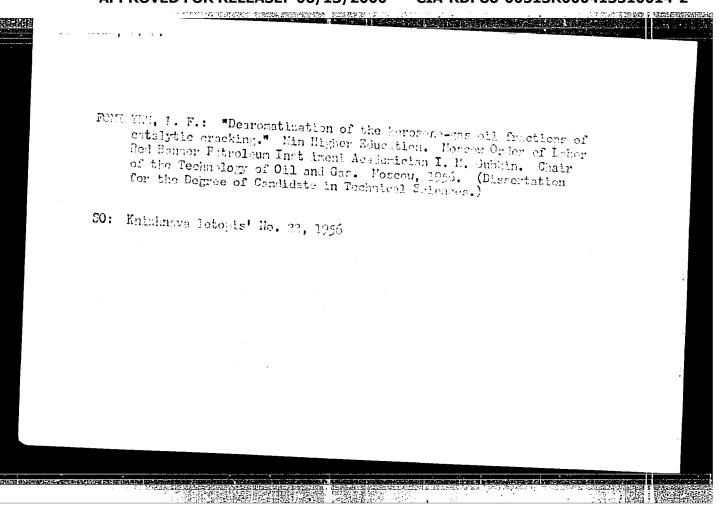
Removal of graphite 'rom the carbide deposit of iron carbides.
Zav. lab. 30 no.8;934.935 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Ural'skiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova.

Application of synthetic secilites for drying hydrocarbons. Maintakh. topic i masel 10 nc.2:19-20 F 165.

1. Uffmakiy neftyanoy nauchno-issiedovatal'skiy institut.

(MIRA 16:8)



IVANOV, Nikolay Vasil'yevich; FOMENYKII, L.I., kand.ekon.nauk,dots., red.; GOL'DSHTEYN, L.Ye., red.; YASHEN'KINA, Ye.A., tekhm.

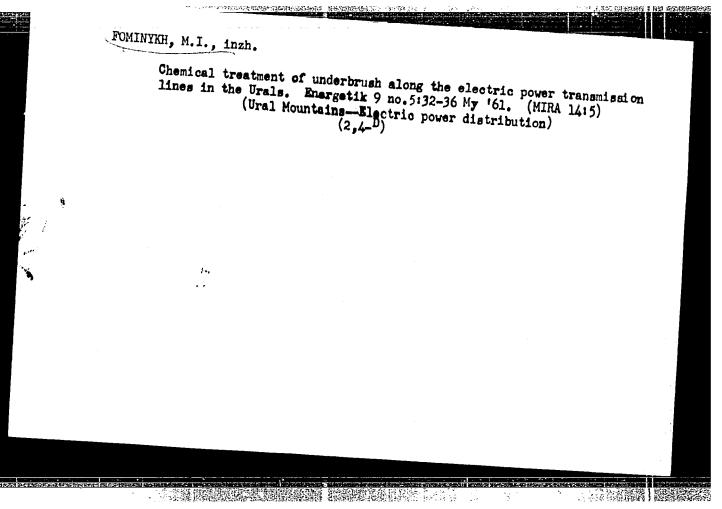
[Concentration of production and the specialization of enterprises of local state industry]Kontsentratial provocativa i spetsfallizatial predpriiatii mestnoi gosudarstvennoi promyshlennosti. Kuib shev, Kuibyshevskii planovoi in-t, 1961. 55 p. (Knybyshev Province-Industrial management)

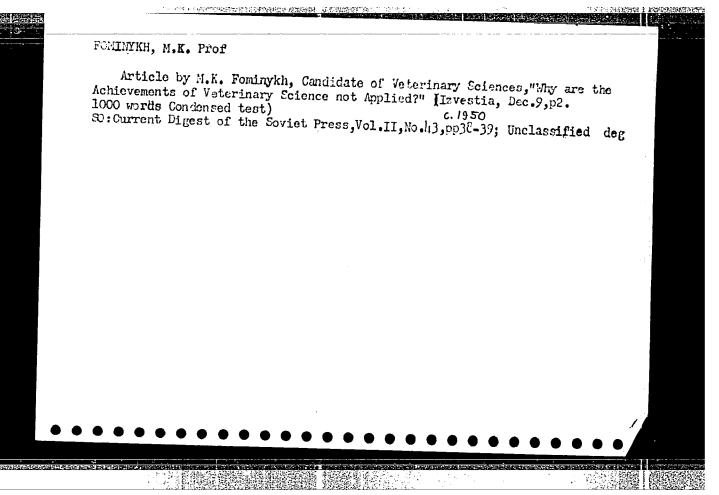
(Knybyshev Province-Industrial management)

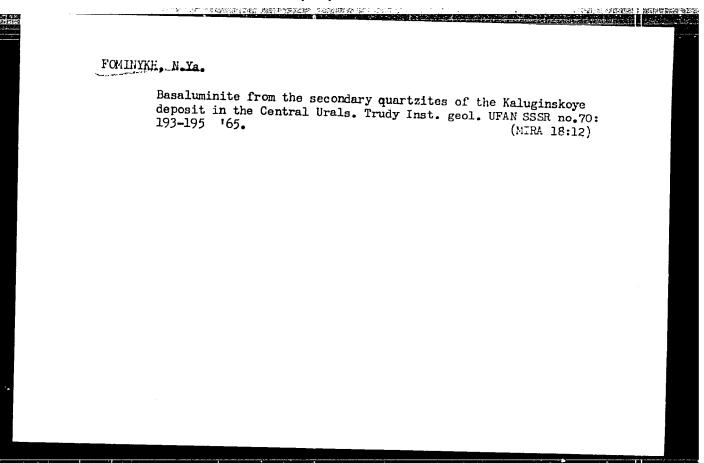
Distribution of a discharge current along the grid of a mercury rectifier. Elektrichestvo no.3:38-85 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut imeni Lenina. (Mercury—Arc rectifiers)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"







FOMINYKH, Ol'ga Ivanovna; MHLESHKO, K.L., red.; ZLOBIN, M.V., tekhn. red.

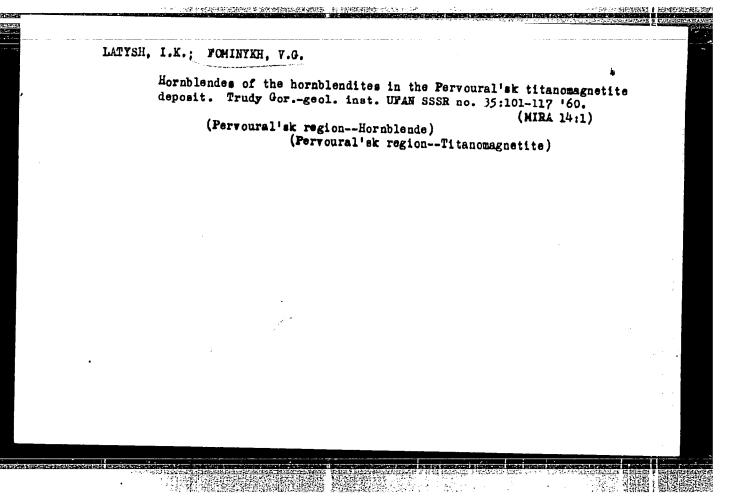
[Achieve the highest milk yields] Dobivat'sia naivysshikh udoev.
Alma-Ata, Kasakhskoe gos. izd-vo, 1956. 13 p. (MIRA 11:7)

1. Doyarka Georgiyevskogo lubyanogo sovkhoza, Kurdayskogo rayona
Dzhambulskoy oblasti. (for Fominykh).

(Kazakhstan-Dairying)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

Frankfield in the reacting of symite concentrates of the Mityn Topkan Combine in formaces with a fluidized bed. Khim.pros. 41 no.61466-468 Je 185. (MIRA 18:8)



Garnets from the pegmatite vein of the Blyum mine in the Il'men Mountains. Trudy Gor.-geol. inst. UPAN SSSR no. 35:171-199
'60. (Il'men Mountains--Garnet)

FOMINYKH, V.G.: YUNIKOV, B.A.

Spinel in the titanomagnetite deposits of the Urals. Zap.Vses.—
min.ob-va 90 no.6:717-720 '61. (MIRA 15:2)
(Ural Mountains--Spinel) (Ural Mountains--Titanomagnetite)

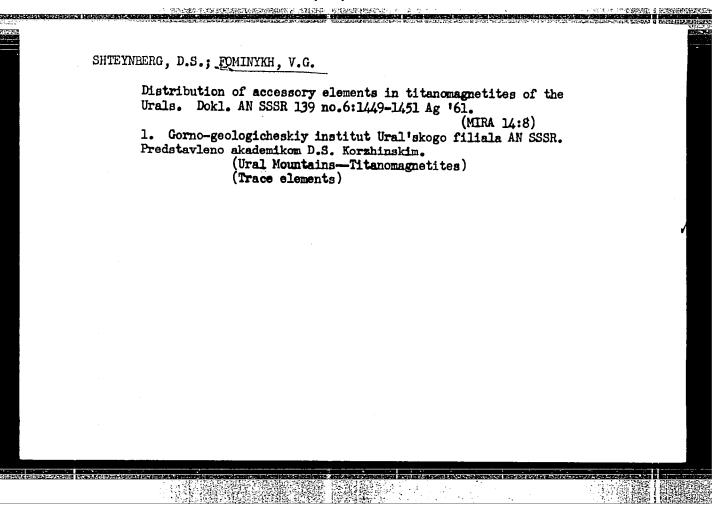
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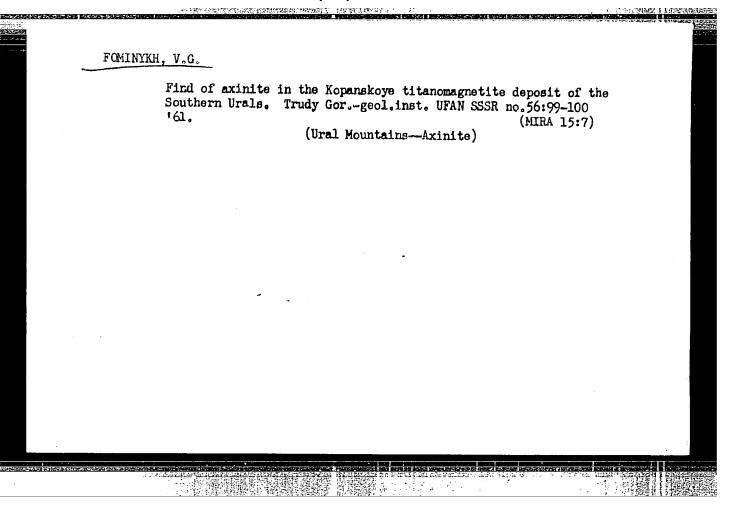
SHTEYNBERG, D.S.; FOMINYKH, V.G.

Composition of accessory titanomagnetite in different genetic

granitoid types of the Urals. Dokl. AN SSSR 139 no.5:1208-1210 Ag 161. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Predstavleno akademikom D.S. Korzhinskim. (Ural **Mountains** -- Rocks, Igneous)





LATYSH, I.K.; FOMINYKH, V.G.

Bleaching of common hornblendite in the Pervoural'skoye deposit. Trudy Gor.-geol.inst. UFAN SSSR no.56:101-106 '61. (MIRA 15:7) (Sverdlovsk region--Hornblendite)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

ZNAMENSKIY, N.D.; FOMINYKH, V.G.

Composition of titanomagnetites in granitoids of the gabbro series of the Central Urals. Dokl. AN SSSR 146 no.3:686-688 S '62. (MIRA 15:10)

 Gorno-geologicheskiy institut Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR. (Ural Mountains—Titanomagnetite)

SHTEYNBERG, D. S.; FOMINYKH, V. G.

On the composition of the titanomagnetites of the Urals. Dokl. AN SSSR 147 no.6:1452-1454 D *62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Institut geologii Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom D. S. Korshinskim.

(Ural Mountains-Titanomagnetite)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

Distribution of titanium in the Pervoural'sk titanium-magnetite deposit. Geokhimia no.8:742-744 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Gorno-geologicheskiy institut Ural'skogo filiala
AN SSSR, Sverdlovsk.
(Sverdlovsk region—Titanium)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

The state of the s

FOMINYKH, V.G.; YUNIKOV, B.A.; SOKOLOV, Yu.A.

Maghemite in titanomagnetite ores in the Lesser Kuybas deposit of the Southern Urals. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geol. i razv. 6 no.11:69-72 N *63. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut geologii Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR i Sverdlovskiy gornyy institut im. V.V.Vakhrusheva.

SHTEYNBERG, D.S.; MALAKHOV, I.A.; FOMINYKH, V.G.

Genetic significance of the distribution characteristics of the iron family elements in the igneous rocks of the Urals. Zap. Vses. min. ob-va 93 no.5:591-605 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut geologii Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR.

FOMINYKH, V.G.; SVYAZHIN, N.V.

Composition of the accessory magnetites and titanomagnetite in alkali rocks of the Central Ural Mountains. Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no. 5:1088-1089 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:5)

l. Institut geologii Uraliskogo filiala AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom D.S.Korzhinskim.

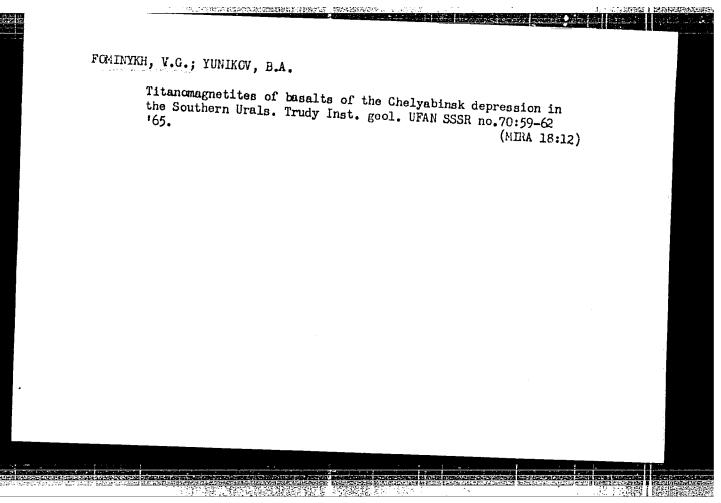
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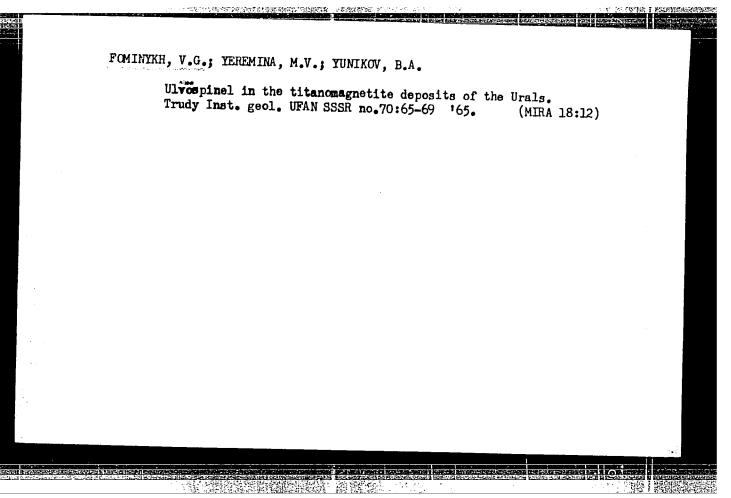
SHTEYNBERG, D.S.; FOMINYKH, V.G.; MAKAROV, V.A.

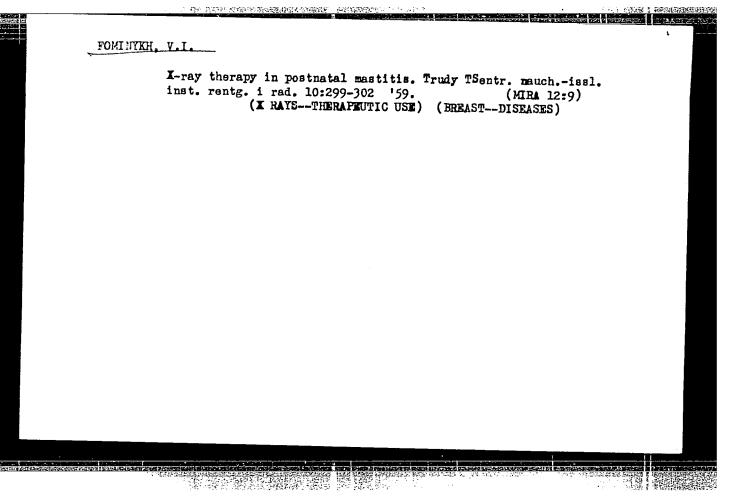
Composition of pyroxenes in the Kachkanar intrusive complex.

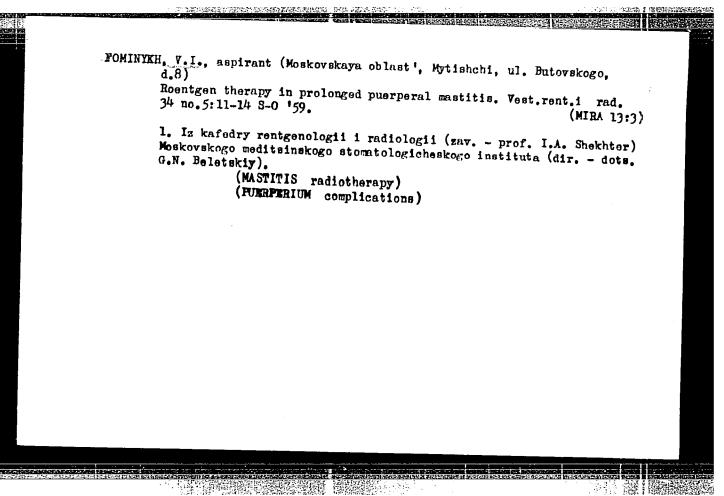
Trudy Inst. geol. UFAN SSSR no.70:

7 *65. (MIRA 18:12)









ACCESSION NR: AP4020335

\$/0089/64/016/003/0253/0255

AUTHOR: Konstantinov, A. A.; Fominy*kh, V. I.; Yaritsy*na, I. A.

TITLE: Absolute measurement of neutron source yield by the manganese activation

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 16, no. 3, 1964, 253-255

TOPIC TAGS: neutron source yield, measurement, manganese activation method, Mn sup 56, thermal neutron, dipping counter calibration, neutron yield

ABSTRACT: The method of manganese activation for measuring absolute neutrons is used most widely in metrological institutions. This method is based on the absolute measurement of Mn⁵⁰ activity, obtained under the influence of source neutrons placed in the center of a large tank filled with a solution of manganese sulfate. Since the thermal neutrons are absorbed by manganese, hydrogen and sulfur nuclei, the number of source emitted neutrons can be determined from the

 $Q = \frac{Q_{Mn}\sigma_{Mn} + Q_{N}\sigma_{N} + Q_{M}\sigma_{H}}{Q_{Mn}\sigma_{Mn}}Q_{Mn}, \qquad (1)$

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ACCESSION NR: AP4020335

where ϱ_{Mn} , ϱ_{S} , ϱ_{H} are the manganese, sulfur and hydrogen nuclei in 1 cc. solution; ϱ_{Mn} , ϱ_{S} , ϱ_{H} are corresponding cross sections of capture of thermal neutrons; ϱ_{Mn} is the complete manganese activity. Dipping counter calibration was established. Indeterminacy in the value of a given amount caused an error in absolute β-count which was ± 1%. Neutron yield was computed. Corrections in background, decay during measuring and finite irradiation time of the solution were introduced into the number of readings during measurements with the dipping counter. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: None

SURMITTED: 18Apr63

DATE ACQ: 31Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 010

Cord 2/2

YUDIN, Fikhail Federovich; FCHNYKH, Yladimir lgnatlyevich;
DOROFEYEV, G.A., nauchn. red.; SHEVCHENKO, A.L., red.

[Neutron dosimetry] Neitronnaia dozimetriia. Hoskwa, Izdvo stardartov, 1964. 214 p. (MIRA 17:9);

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

FOMINYKH, V.I.; YARITSYNA, I.A.

Apparatus for comparison of neutron sources of identical spectral composition. Trudy inst. Kom. stand., mer i izm. prib. no.69:75-85 *62. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii im. Mendeleyeva.

FOMINYKH, V.I.; YARITSYNA, I.A.

Actinium-beryllium emitters. Nov. nauch.-issl. rab. po metr.
VNIIM no.2:46-49 '64. (MIRA 18:4)

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BOOK EXPLOITATION

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Yudin, Mikhail Federovich; Fominykn, Vladimir Ignatiyevich

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Neutron desimetry (Neytronnaya dozimetriya) Moscow, Izd-ve Standarfev, 1964.

III. F. Hius., biblic., appendixes, fold-in chart. (94) hopies printed.

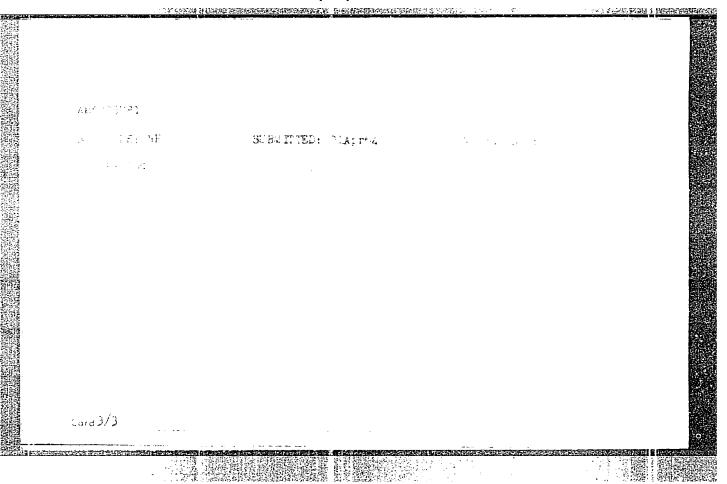
Seferific editor: G. A. Dorofeyev; Editor: A. L. Shevenenka: Technical editor: V. A. Murashova; Proofreader: A. P. Yakunichkina.

TOPIC TAGS: neutron density, neutron detection, neutron desimetry, neutron flux, neutron radiation, radiometry

PERPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book was written for personnel concerned with checking and calibrating neutron desimeters, radiometers, and neutron radiators, and also for those who use these instruments. It may be of use also for students at vares specializing in the field of the desimetry of ionizing radiations. The book tegins with a brief presentation of the most important concepts in neutron desimetry rasis properties, and classification of neutrons according to energy; then the characteristics of different neutron sources are presented, the processes of the interaction of neutrons with materials and biological tissue are avalyzed, and not as and instruments utilized for measuring the density of neutron fluxes and

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the exponence dosage of neutron radiation are described, as well as methods and
a paratus recommended for transfering unit dimensions from transacts to test-
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TABLE OF CONTENTS:
From the authors - - 3
Introduction - - 5
Ch. I. Neutron sources and their basic characteristics - - 14
 b. II. Basic process of interaction of neutrons with manerials - - 40
  hasin processes of interaction of neutrons with biologic tissue - - 62 definate of measuring neutron fluxes and the arrangular antitied - - 79
 . . . lesimetry of neutron radiation - . 106
     in thinds of converting units of mentron-flor energy and mentron-desage
   excesses (med) and the apparetus applied - - 1/4
Protection apairst neutron radiation - - 194
 Cireratura - - 198
 Appendixes - - 204
Cord 2/3
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L 2599-66 EWI(m)/EPF(n)-2/EWA(h) ACCESSION NR: AP5019200

UR/0115/65/000/006/0043/0046

621.039.555

AUTHOR: Fominykh, V. I.

TITLE: Comparing neutron radiators having different spectra

SOURCE: Izmeritcl'naya tekhnika, no. 6, 1965, 43-46

TOPIC TAGS: neutron radiation, neutron spectrum

ABSTRACT: Comparison of the yields of two neutron sources having different spectra by means of a flat-response counter is considered. The counter efficiency is constant, with an error of $\pm 8\%$, within neutron energies of 40×10^{-16} to 14×10^{-13} joules. A formula is developed for the unknown yield of a neutron source which is compared with a reference source by a flat counter; also, a formula for calculating the error involved is derived. In a comparison of a RaBe (\varnothing , n) source with a PuBe (\varnothing , n) source, these recommendations are given: (1) The same distance from both sources; (2) Allowance for stray

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1 table.							
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SUBMITT	ED: 00		ENCL: 00	sui	CODE:	NP	
NO REF S	60V: 002		OTHER: 005				
Card 2/2							

ANDREYEV, O.L., SILIN, Yu.S.; STUKOV, G.M.; FOMINYKH, V.I.; SHCHEBOLEV, V.I.; YARITSYNA, I.A.

International comparisons of neutron sources. Atom. energ. (MIRA 18:9)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

L 14681-66 EWT(m)/EPF(n)-2/EWA(h) DM
ACC NR: AP6008257 SOURCE CODE: UR/0089/65/019/002/0181/0183

AUTHOR: Andreyev, O. L.; Silin, Yu. S.; Stukov, G. M.; Fominykh, V. I.; Shchebolev, V. T.; Yaritsyna, I. A.

12 B

ORG: none

TITIE: International comparison of neutron sources 19,44,55

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 19, no. 2, 1965, 181-183

TOPIC TAGS: neutron distribution, radicactive source, neutron, radium, beryllium, radiation counter

ABSTRACT: The relative measurements of the Canadian Ra-«-Be neutron source were carried out considering the neutron distribution in open geometry and using a long counter which could turn the source at any required angle. With the source axis of rotation coinciding with the cylinder axis, the asymmetry was 1% and with the source axis turned to the side of the surface it was 1.5%. The relative measurements for the source indicated 3.25 neutrons/sec. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 20, 18 / SUBM DATE: 130ct64 / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 005

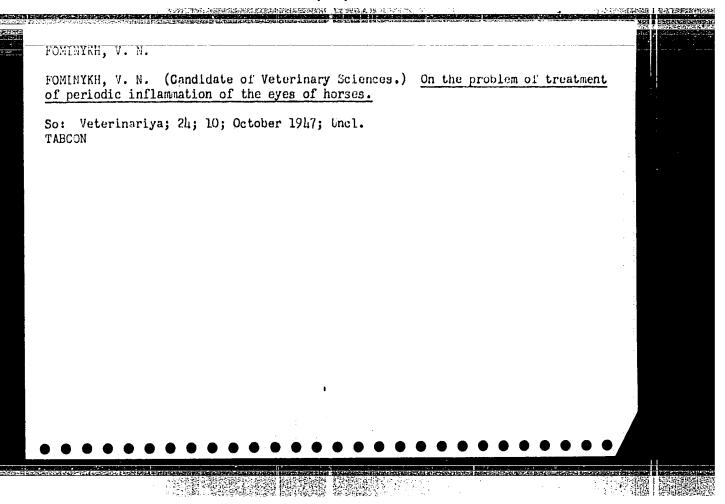
Card 1/1 8C

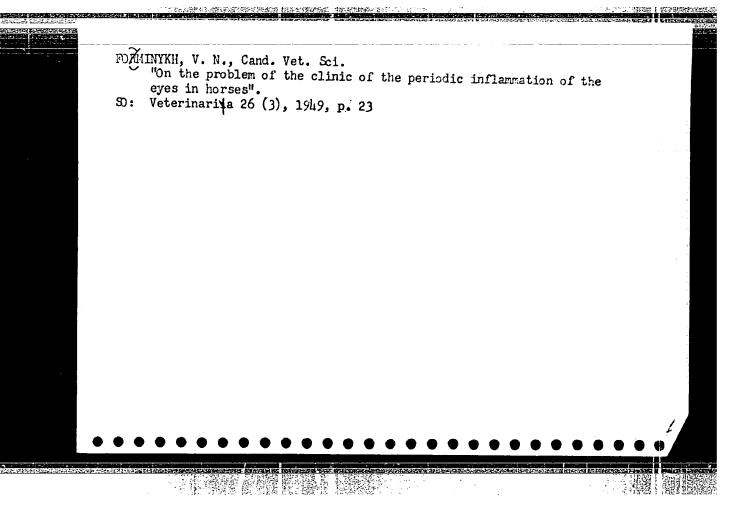
WDC: 539.16.08: 539.125.5

KLIMASENKO, L.S. Geroy Sotsialisticheskogo Truda; FOMINYKH, V.I.

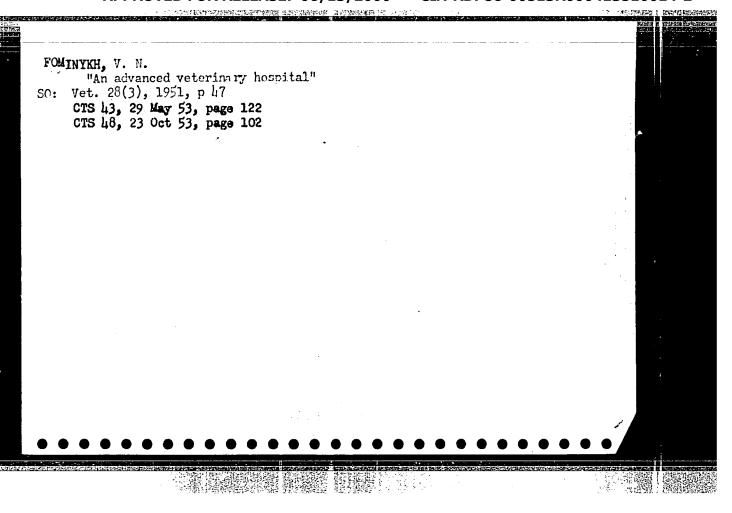
New metallurgical giant in the western part of the country.
Metallurg 9 no.4:3-5 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Direktor Zapadno-Sibirskogo metallurgicheskogo zavoda (for Klimasenko). 2. Zamestitel' nachal'nika domennogo tsekha Zapadno-Sibirskogo metallurgicheskogo zavoda (for Fominykh).





FOMINYKH, V. N.



KHANAPETOV, Mikhail Vasil'yevich; <u>FO IINYKH</u>, Vitaliy Profir'yevich; TSAGEL'SKIY, Vladimir Leopol'dovich, nauchn. red.; ZHURAVLEV, B.A., red.

[Electric welder for responsible welding operations] Elektrosvarshchik otvetstvennykh svarochnykh rabot. Moskva, Stroiizdat, 1964. 262 p. (MIRA 17:12)

EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(t)

IJP(c) JD/JG

ACC NR: AF5027674

SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/65/019/005/0800/0808

AUTHOR: Lukirskiy, A. F. (Deceased); Foxischev, V.

CulG: none

TITLE: Damping emission of the tungster anode in the region of 25 - 250 A length

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 19, no. 5, 1965, 800-808

TOFIC TAGS: tungsten, absorption spectrum, spectral distribution, electrode

ABSTRACT: A method of measuring the relative intensities for a wide spectral range was investigated. The spectral distribution in the spectral region of 25 - 250 A of a tungsten anode was obtained corresponding to the 24 - 5 kv accelerating potentials. Such a damping emission could be used for an investigation of absorption spectrums with a high energy resolution. The distribution of the intensity in the damping spectrums of tungsten anodes for 70 - 120 v accelerating potentials was also investigated. A sharp structure was detected near the short-wave boundary of the spectrum. Orig. art. has: 10 figures and 4 formulas.

SUBM DATE: 07Jul64/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 006 UDC: 535.237:537.531

CHERTKOV, Ya.V.; RYBAKOV, K.N.; ZÆLOV, V.N.; FOMISHENKO, B.A.

Efficiency of fuel storage filters. Transp. i khran. nefti
no. 3:22-25 '63.

1. NII-25

SUD'INA, Te.d. [Sud'ina, c.n.]; deith, H.u. [Heier,];
[Dovbysh, K.F.]; FOMISHINA, R.N. [Fomishyna, f.M.]

Changes in the biosynthesis and the state of chlorophyll during the insufficiency of some elements. Ukr. bot. zhur. 21 no.4:3-10

164. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Otdel biokhimii Instituta botaniki AN UkrSSR.

L 19721-65 EWT(m)/EWP(t)/EWP(b) JE ACCESSION NR: AP4048839

\$/0119/64/000/011/0016/0018

AUTHOR: Kalimanova, L. P.; Fominskaya, N. A.; Sharafan, A. I.; Frantsevich-Zabludovskaya, T. F. (deceased)

TITLE: Producing thin nickel film on porcelain by a chemical nickel-plating process

SOURCE: Priborostroyeniye, no. 11, 1964, 16-18

TOPIC TAGS: nickel plating

ABSTRACT: The results of experiments with chemical plating of 0.1-0.2-micron nickel film on $20-\mathrm{cm}^2$ porcelain plates and $4.7-\mathrm{cm}^2$ porcelain cylinders are reported. The best method found of pretreating the porcelain surface includes the following: sensibilization in a solution of 70 g/lit SnCl_2 and 40 ml/lit HCl for five min at 20C; washing in acidified water and drying; activation in a 1 g/lit solution of palladium chloride, pH = 2-3, for 5 min at 20C with subsequent drying;

and 1/2

L 19721-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4048839

treatment with a 5% solution of NaH₂PO₂ for 30 sec with subsequent washing; a second activation by the same palladium-chloride solution for 30-60 sec and drying. The nickel plating was performed in a nickel-chloride solution (30 g/lit with NaH₂PO₂ (10 g/lit) doped by various additions (sodium citrate, succinic acil, glycocoll, etc.). The rate of plating, evaluation of quality, and methods of checking the liquor are indicated. Orig. art. has: 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

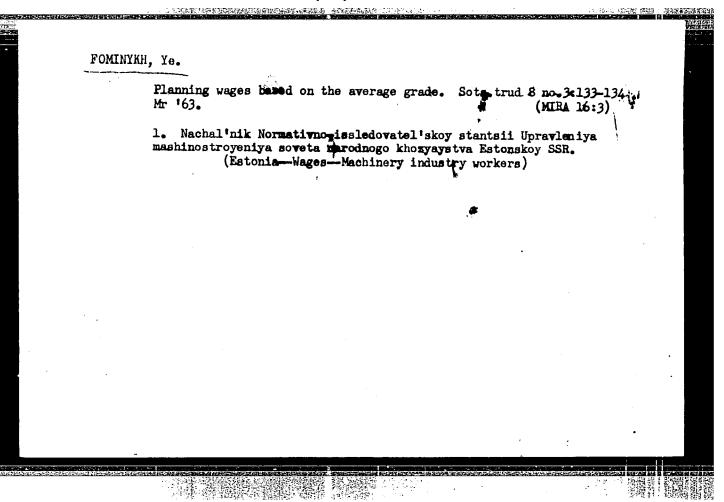
ENCL: 00

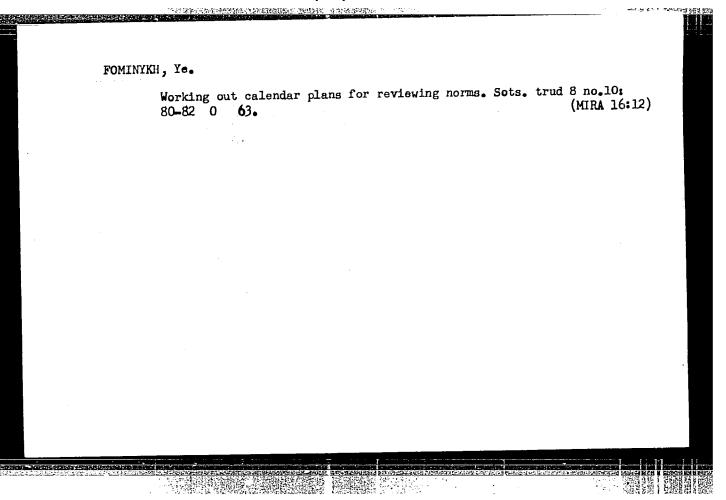
SUB CODE: MM, EC

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 006

Cod 2/2





BEREGOVSKIY, V.I.; BREGMAN, R.V.; DANILOVA, L.A.; KOZYREV, V.S.;

TARASOV, B.Ye.; TEPER, V.S.; FONINYKH, Ye.G.; LIBERMAN,
S.S., red.; KOROVINA, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Complete use of pyritic cinders] Kompleksnoe ispol'zovanie piritnykh ogarkov. Moskva, Metallurgizdat, 1963. 71 p.

(MIRA 17:3)

40025

S/065/62/000/010/003/004 E075/E136

11.0132

Chertkov, Ya.B., Zrelov, V.N., Rybakov, K.V.,

Shagin, V.M., and Fomishenko, B.A.

TITLE:

AUTHORS:

Characteristics of micro-impurities in middle

distillate fuels

PERIODICAL: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, no.10, 1962, 56-59

TEXT: The authors investigated the nature of micro-impurities in fuel T(-1 (TS-1) used in aviation gas-turbine engines. The impurities in the fuels form through the interaction of metal containing compounds with high molecular weight, resinous compounds and moisture. The metal-containing compounds originate from corrosion of tanks and moving parts of various mechanisms, as well as leaching of certain fillers from plastic materials. The relatively coarse particles of the impurities form mainly by the agglomeration of finely dispersed material. The formation of particles having the size of 0.1-1 micron is speeded up by increasing temperature, agitation and excessive pressures.

Characteristics of micro-impurities.. \$/065/62/000/010/003/004 E075/E136

The inorganic part of the impurities in fuel TS-1 contained 13.7% of Fe after filtration through a filter with 7 micron pores. This indicated that Fe can be present in the fuels in a finely divided state. The second most abundant element in the impurities is Si. The organic part of the contaminants contained S and N, the latter being present only in the organic part, whereas some of the sulphur was present also in the inorganic part of the impurities. To avoid the contamination of the fuels it is advisable to carry out systematic removal of moisture, prevent the formation of high molecular weight resins and exclude metal containing compounds. There are 4 tables.

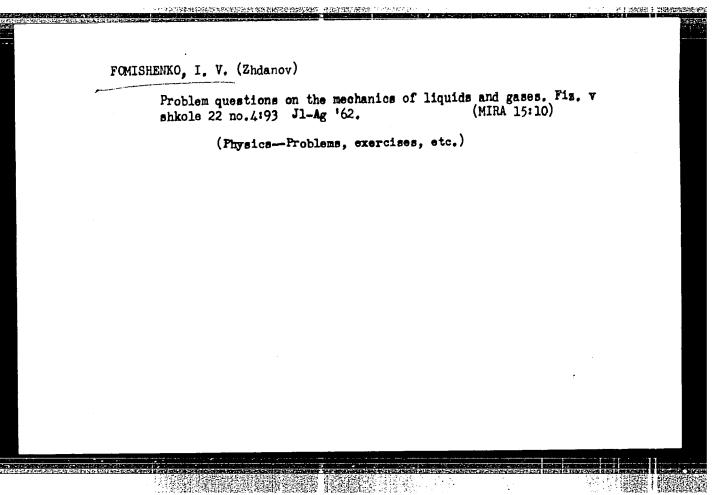
Card 2/2

1

FOMISHENKO, I.V.

Problems and questions on the topic "Properties of liquide." Fig. v shkole 16 no.6:79 N-D '56. (MLRA 9:12)

1. 41-ya srednyaya shkola, g. Zhdanov. (Liquids--Study and teaching)



FOMITCHEVA, E.U.

Posttraumatic scar stenosis of pharynx. Acta chir. plast. (Praha) 6 no.4:292-301 '64.

1. Department of Surgical Stomatology (Chief Surgeon: Frof. F.M. Khitrov), and Central Scientific Research Institute of Stomatology, Moscow (U.S.S.R.) (Director: Prof. A.I. Rybakov).

BUDOVICH, B.; GAMBURG, R.; ZAKHARENKO, A.; NADEZHDINA, K., obshchestveritespensionerka; NOVIK,L.; PIGUZOVA, N., SMIRNOVA, I.; FOMITSKAYA, L.; deputat Minskogo gorodskogo Soveta; BURMISTOVA, L.

- Place nurseries and kindergartens under the control of women, Rabotnitsa 40 no.7:18-19 Jl 62. (MIRA 16:2)
 - l. Predsedatel shenskogo soveta stanko 'roitel nogo zavoda imeni Oktyabr'skoy revolyatsii (for Budovich). ' Predsedatel shenskogo soveta gomesl'skoy fabriki "Komintern" (for Gamburg). 3. Korrespondent gazety "Gomel skaya pravda" (for Zahkarenko). 4. Korrespondenty zhurnala "Rabotnitsa i syalyanka" (for Piguzova, Smirnova). 5. Korrespondent zhurnala "Rabotnitsa" (for Burmistrova).

 (White Russia—Nursery schools) (White Russia—Kindergartens)

VOL'FSON, P.M.; SII'CHENKO, V.I.; FOMITSKIY, F.F., kand. tekhn. neuk

Evaluation of mining systems used in some Krivoy Rog Basin mines from the point of view of losses and the depletion of ores. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.1:48-51 Ja-F *64. (MIRA 17:10)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

KOMAROV, I.M., insh.; BONDARENKO, N.I., insh.; FOMITSKIY, I.V., mekhanik

TKZM-3,5 tractor-drawn mower for green crops. Mekh. sil'. hosp.
10 no.3:25-26 Mr '59. (MIRA 12:6)

(Mowing machines)

FONTTYMY, M. I.

Fomitskiy, N. I. -- "Agrobiological Evaluation of the Starting Material for Celection of Spring Wheat under the Conditions of the Peat-Rog Soils of the Pelcrussian SSR." Acad Sci Pelcrussian SSF. Inst of Socialist Agriculture. Minsk, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Science)

· 一定的数据,在各种的内容的现在分别,这种的现在分别,在各种的内容的对象。

So: Knizhnaya Letopis', No 12, 1956

M-1-USSR COUNTRY ABS. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. 19, 1959, No. 86975 : Trizno, S. I.; Fomitskiy, N. I.
: Belorussian Scientific Research Institute of Some Results of Selection of Grain Crops on ROHTUA INST. Peat-Marsh Soils of Belorussian SoR. TITLE ORIG. PUB. : Sb.: Osnovnyye rezultaty nauchno-issled. raboty Belorussk. n.-i. in-ta melior. i ** : No abstract. ABSTRACT CARD: //I * Land Reclamation and Water Management. ** vodn.kh-va za 1956 g. Minsk, AN BSSR, 1957, 121-133.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"

Readers' letters. NTO 5 no.5:43 My '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Zamestitel' predsedatelya Khar'kovskogo oblastnogo pravlemiya Nauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Bolotov). 2. Predsedatel' sektsil zhivotnovodstva Vitebskogo oblastnogo pravleniya Mauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Grebennikov). 3. Chlen soveta nauchno-tekhnicheskikh obshchestva Gosudarstvennogo vsesoyuznogo instituta po proyektirovaniyu i nauchno-issledovatel'skim rabotam tsementnoy promyshlennosti (for Fomkin). 4. Uchenyy sekretar' soveta nauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva Kurskoy oblastnoy veterinarnoy laboratorii (for Kheruvimov).

(Technological innovations)

. USSR/Huran and Animal Physiology - (Normal and Pathological). The Nervous System. Higher Nervous Activity. Behavior.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 4, 1959, 17971

Author : Fomkin, B.G.

Inst : - An Apparatus for Study of Occult (Latent) Periods and

Speed of Conditioned-Reflex Motor Reactions of Man

under Industrial Conditions

Orig Pub : Gigiyena i sanitariya, 1957, No 2, 74-76

Abstract : The "Electric spark chronoreflexograph" is constructed

on the principle of burning through paper tape with a spark of alternating current. The output signal part of the apparatus includes light and sound stimuli. The registering part consists of an amplifying transformer (the voltage is given with the beginning of signal action), needle electrode and drum on a stand (second electrode), rotated by a motor (l rot./sec). Pressing

Card 1/2

- 111 -

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 106/13/2006 and ARDPSO-00513R000413510014-2

Nervous System. Higher Nervous Activity. Behavior.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 4, 1959, 17971

of a button by the test subject shuts off the transformer and interrupts the registration. The number of dots in the beginning of registration determines the latent period, the number of missed dots the speed (time) of reaction with an accuracy to 0.01 sec. A worm mechanism pushes the needle electrode, assuming uninterrupted registration along the helix. The latent period of reaction in workers at a rolling mill was determined within the limits of 0.28-0.35 sec., the speed of reaction within 0.04-0.08 sec. The advantages of the apparatus over analogous objects are portability, possibility of utilization under the conditions of any industry. -- K.S. Ratner.

FOMKIN, B.T., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

reflex during work)

Apparatus for determining latent periods and rates of conditioned reflex motor reactions of man during work. Gin. i san. 22-no.2:74-76 F *57 (MIRA 10:4)

1. Is Dnepropetrowskogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny imeni N.F. Gamalei. (REFLEX, COMDITIONED appar, for determ, of latent periods & rate during work)

(WORK, physiol.

appar. for determ. of latent periods & rate of conditioned

FOMKIN, F.L., dots.; SAPITSKIY, N.I.; KHALOV, O.A., kand. ekon.

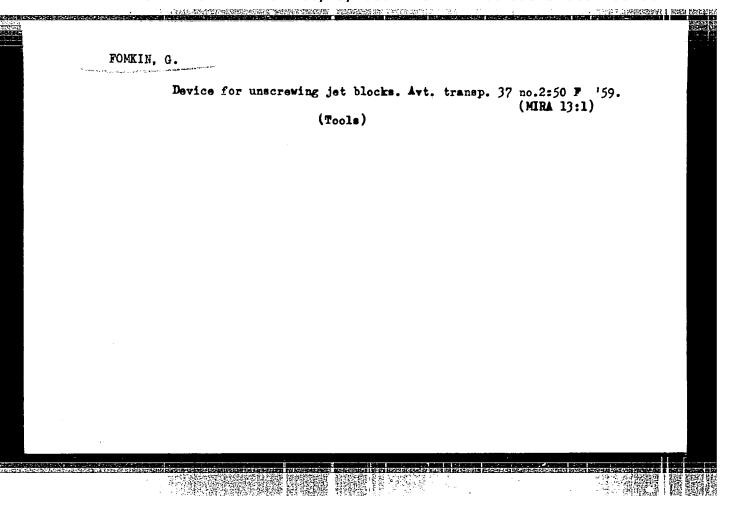
nauk; SHIKHANOVICH, L.I.; MEREDOV, A.M., starshiy nauchnyy
sotr.; ATAYEV, Ch.A., kand. ekon. nauk; KONDAKOV, V.F.,
kand. ekon. nauk; LAVRINENKO, V.T., kand. ekon. nauk; KOZLOV,
N.Ye., refer.; SHUMEYKO, T.I., red. izd-va; ZUBOVA, N.I.,
tekhn. red.

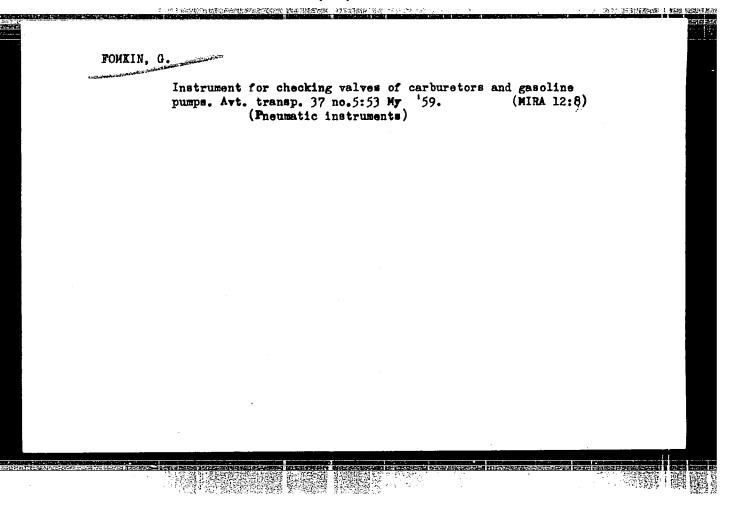
[Studies on the economics of the agriculture of the Turkmen S.S.R.] Ocherki po ekonomike sel'skogo khoziaistva Turkmenskoi SSR. Ashkhabad, Turkmengosizdat, 1962. 446 p. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva
Turkmenskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta zemledeliya
(for Shikhanovich). 2. Turkmenskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy
institut zemledeliya (for Meredov).

(Turkmenistan—Agricultur—Economic aspects)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413510014-2"





15-57-10-14445D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 10,

p 178 (USSŘ)

AUTHOR:

Fomkin, K. V.

TITLE:

Study of Geological Structure and Formation of Petroleum and Gas Deposits in the Archedino-Don

Region and the Plan of Working the Archedinskoye Deposit (Izucheniye geologicheskogo stroyeniya i usloviy formirovaniya zalezhey nefti i gaza Archedino-Donskogo rayona s analizom razrabotki Archedinskogo mestoro-

zhdeniya)

ABSTRACT:

Bibliographic entry of the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Geological and Mineralogical Sciences, presented to the Mosk. neft. in-t., (Moscow

Petroleum Institute, Moscow, 1957

ASSOCIATION:

Mosk. neft. in-t (Moscow Petroleum Institute), Moscow

Card 1/1